ISEMAN BROS MEN'S AND BOYS' OUTFITTERS. SEVENTH AND E STREETS.

Right Kind of Clothing === Right Way of Selling Clothing.



What's the right kind and what's the right way? Let us tell you as we understand it-from the standpoint of forty years' experience-a house that, beginning in the smallest possible way, has by the force of honest and sound business principles built up the largest clothing trade in

RIGHT KIND OF CLOTHING must be made of all-wool materials, must be well lined and trimmed, must be cut by up-to-date and by skillful cutters, and put together by experienced tailors, and must fit your form perfectly-such is the character of clothing made in our own factory, that come direct to you -as makers we know whereof we speak, just what enters our gar-

RIGHT WAY OF SELLING, according to our policy, consists of having a full line of all the fashionable and staple materials, patterns, mixtures and colors-all the new styles approved by fashionall different sizes from "shorts" to "talls" and "fats" to "slims"-never to permit a garment to leave our store unless it FITS, and if any alterations are necessary to make them free of charge; further, to refund the money to any customer who may become dissatisfied. Most important point of all, give our customers the benefit of the middleman's profit. This, in our judgment, is

the right way of selling clothing. THE EISEMAN BROS.' Do you wonder that we score a large increase in trade each season—that we do the biggest business? Suits, \$7.50 to \$30.

Overcoats, \$10 to \$40.

Children's Clothing.

Never was a better gathering of Children's Clothing than is here today. Mothers who know what "good clothing" is need only to glance in our windows to see what wonderful values we offer. A superb showing of plain and fancy suits at \$3.50 and \$5. Overcoats and Reefers, too.

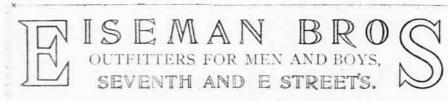
Golf Gloves, 50°.

We've just received a very large shipment of Wool Gloves. These Golf Gloves come in all colors, including the popular shade of mode. Warm and dressy.

Best 2 Hats.

Yes, it is really a \$3 Hat; in fact, that's the price at most stores. Any shade, any style, soft or stiff. All colors, all sizes. \$2 is the price.

Natural Wool Underwear, 75c.



"YOU MUST DO THE SUM TO PROVE IT."

You must pay for, and wear out. black soled shoes, before you can know what kind of leather is under the fin-

Shoe dissection in Regal windows proves that 90% of all shoes, under \$6.00, have brittle, cheap and shortlived "Hemlock," or "Yankee Oak," leather in the soles.

Every Regal Shoe has a sole of genuine old fashioned, slow-tanned, Oak leather-tough as wire, light as fiber and flexible as the foot.

Such soles double the wear, and shape-retention, of a shoe-but add heavily to its cost, in a place where extra cost does not show to the eye when purchasing. Every Regal Shoe carries its proof

of Oak sole with it.

"The Window of the Sole" is a seal on the outsole which may be removed before purchase, revealing the leather beneath, in its natural white. unfinished condition.

No other line of shoes volunteers such a test, because no other line under \$6.00 dare do it.

143 styles, 8 widths, 18 half sizes.

Get Catalogue.



Washington Store, 1003 Pa. Ave.

AS TO THE NEGRO & LANSBURGH & BRO.

President Roosevelt Defines His Position.

CASE OF DR. CRUM

QUESTION OF COLOR NOT TO EN-TER INTO IT.

Appointments Will Be Made Upon Fitness of Applicant in Any Section-Booker Washington's Statement.

The following communication of President Roosevelt to a citizen of Charleston, S. C., defining his attitude as to the negro has been made public at the White House:

WHITE HOUSE, Washington, November 26, 1902. My Dear Sir:

I am in receipt of your letter of November 10 and of one from Mr. ----, under date of November 11, in reference to the appointment of Dr. Crum as collector of the port of Charleston.

In your letter you make certain specific charges against Dr. Crum, tending to show his unfitness in several respects for the office sought. These charges are entitled to the utmost consideration from me, and I shall go over them carefully before taking any action. After making these charges you add, as a further reason for opposition to him, that he is a colored man, and after bag rule and negro domination in South Carolina you say that "we have sworn never again to submit to the rule of the African, and such an appointment st that of Dr. Crum to any such office forces us to protest unanimously against this insult to the white blood;" and you add that you understood me to say that I would never force a negro on such a community as

puts the objection of color first, saying: "First, he is a colored man, and that of itself ought to bar him from the I think I ought to make clear to you why am concerned and pained by your making them and what my attitude is as regards all such appointments. How any one could have gained the idea that I had said I would not appoint reputable and upright colored men to office, when objection was made to them solely on account of their color, I confess I am wholly unable to understand. At the time of my visit to Charleston last spring I had made, and since that time I have made, a number of many continuous continuous from solvers and their continuous conti such appointments from several states in which there is a considerable colored population. For example, I made one such appointment in Mississippi, and another in Alabama, shortly before my visit to Charleston. I had at that time appointed two colored men as judicial magistrates in the district of Columbia. I have recently announced another such appointment for New Orleans, and have just made one from Pennsylvania. The great majority of my appointments in every state have been of white men. North and south alike it has been my sedulous endeavor to appoint only men of high character and good capacity, whether white or black. But it has been my consistent policy in every state where their numbers warranted it to recognize colored men of good repute and standing in making appointments to office. These appointments of colored men have in no state made more than a small proportion of the total number of appointments. I am unable to see how I can legitimately be asked to make an exception for South Caro-lina. In South Carolina to the four most important positions in the state I have appointed three men and continued in office fourth, all of them white men-th: federate soldiers. I have been informed by the citizens of Charleston whom I have met that these four men represent a high

I do not intend to appoint any unfit men to office. So far as I legitimately can I shall always endeavor to pay regard to the wishes and feelings of the people of each locality; but I cannot consent to take the position that the door of hope—the door of opportunity—is to be shut upon any man, no matter how worthy, purely upon the grounds of race or color. Such an attitude would, according to my convictions, be fundamentally wrong. If, as you hold, the great bulk of the colored people are not yet fit in point of character and influence to hold such positions, it seems to me that it is worth while putting a premium upon the effort among them to achieve the character and standing which will fit them.

The question of "negro domination" does not enter into the matter at all. It might as well be asserted that when I was governor of New York I sought to bring about negro domination in that state because I appointed two colored men of good charac-ter and standing to responsible positions one of them to a position paying a salary twice as large as that paid in the office now under consideration—one of them a director of the Buffalo exposition. The question raised by you and Mr. —— in the statements to which I refer, is simply whether it is to be declared that under no circumstances shall any man of color, no matter how upright and honest, no matter how good a citizen, no matter how fair in 1.s dealings with all his fellows, be permitted to hold any office under our government. I certainly cannot assume such an attitude, and you must permit me to say that in my riew it is an attitude no man should assume, whether he looks at it from the standpoint of the true interest of the white man of the south or of the colored man of the south-not to speak of any other ec-tion of the Union. It seems to me that it is a good thing from every standpoint to let the colored man know that if he shows in marked degree the qualities of good citizen-ship—the qualities which in a white man we feel are entitled to reward—then he will not be cut off from all hope of similar re-

Without any regard as to what my dewithout any regard as to what my decision may be on the merits of this particular applicant for this particular place. I feel that I ought to let you know clearly my attitude on the far broader question raised by you and Mr. —, an attitude from which I have not varied during my term of office.

Faithfully yours, THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

Charleston, South Carolina Booker Washington's Position.

The relation of the colored race to politics n the south is attracting more than passing attention at this time. One of the men most prominent in work for the colored race, however, is urging his people to eschew politics and devote themselves to industrial and educational advancement. This man is Mr. Booker T. Washington. In a recent statement he had this to say:

"I notice that several newspapers have eccently connected my name with political matters in such a manner as to show that my position is not understood. My life work is the promotion of the education of work is the promotion of the education of my race. It is well known that I have al-ways advised my people that it is of su-preme importance at this period of their development that they should concentrate their thought and energy on the securing of homes, the cultivation of habits of thrift, economy, skill, intelligence, high moral character and the gaining of the respect and confidence of their neighbors, white and black, both in the south and in the north. From such teaching and counsel no influ-

black, both in the south and in the north. From such teaching and counsel no influence can ever a vert me.

"Whatever conferences I have had with the President or with any public official have grown out of my position, not as a politician, but as an educator. It should be borne in mind that there are about nine millions of negroes in the United States, who are liable under the law for taxes and military service, and who are punishable for infraction of the law. These people at present have no member of their race in the national law-making body, and it is right national law-making body, and it is right that those charged with making and exe-cuting the laws of the land should at times eek information directly from members of the negro race when their interests and their relations with the whites among whom

they live are concerned.

"Under no circumstances could I seek to promote political candidates or volunteer information regarding men or measures, nor have I done so in the past; but because of the importance I have always sought to place upon education and insought to place upon education and in-dustry among my people as the bases of friendly relations between the races, there been in the past, when, if I am so request420 to 426 7th St.

TERI The New Slot Seam Kersey Jackets for Women

Women's Slot Seam Kersey Jackets, in tan, castor and black satin lined throughout. Instead of \$10.00 \$13.50 for a quick selling Saturday

Women's Kersey Jackets. Women's Man-tailored Kersey Jackets, in

tan, castor and black. Instead of \$15.00 for a quick selling Saturday.....

Misses' Norfolk Coats at \$8.90.

Misses' Long Norfolk Coats, in tan covert cloth, cuffs, belt and collar with brown velvet piping. Sizes 6 to 14.

Misses' Skirts

of golf suiting, seven rows of stitching at bottom,

in tan, gray and blue, different lengths. A splen-

417 to 425 8th St.

Women's One-clasp Pique Gloves,

in tan, beaver, brown, red and white. Special \$1.00

Women's French Suede Gloves, in

Women's French Kid Gloves, in

Silk lined, in tan, brown and gray; Adler's make. Special at. \$1.50

in the new tan and red Fownes' make. \$2.00

-for men, women and children-in all colors. Prices-

25c., 39c. & 50c.

Men's Mocha Gloves.

Men's Pique Gloves

Golf Gloves

beaver, mode, gray, white and black. Instead of 98c. \$1.25, special at.

did bargain at.....

The New

HOSIERY.

Women's Black Heavy-weight Hose, with high-spliced heel, double toe-warranted fast color. Our regular 25c. quality-to go 19C.

Women's Black Hose-lace front and boot pattern-in all the latest

designs; high-spliced heel and double toe; Hermsdorf 50c.

Women's Lisle and Cotton Hose, in fancy stripes and embroidered ankle; high-spliced heel and double toe; warranted fast (21 000)

color. To go at 35c. \$1.00

Women's All-silk Hose-dropped

stitch, with opera shade tops; high-spliced heel and double toe. Our regular price, \$1.75. 98C.

dye. To go at.....

LANSBURGH & BRO

A Special Saturday Offering of Incomparable Values in GLOVES. BOYS' WINTER SUITS.

This Saturday's news from the Boys' Clothing Department is of more than usual importance. It will interest every mother who wants to dress her boy well at moderate cost. Here are some of the details:

Oxford Gray Norfolk Suit Double-Breasted Suits. A durable garment—made well and warranted to give perfect satisfaction. A \$2.89

Boys' Reefers. S5 Navy Blue and Oxford Gray Reefers, with storm collars—a prac-tical coat for the boys, whether for play or for dress. Sizes 7 to 16. A \$2.75 value. \$1.98

Juvenile Hats.

Men's Furnishings.

Men's Colored Shirts.

Men's Underwear.

Fleece-Lined Shirts.

Drawers, extra heavy; well made; all sizes—per 38C.

Flannel Night Shirts.

Shirts: extra heavy; 54 Inches long; all sizes to 19 50C.

Neckwear.

Medicated Scarlet Under-

Fleece-lined Shirts and

Domet Flannel Night

garment.....

Camel's Hair Juvenile Hats, in different colors. A 75c. value at, each..... 39c.

A Navy Blue Golf Cap given with our compliments with a

-in navy blue cheviot and fancy cassimeres—the latest cut—carefully tailored. A \$2.49

Boys' Raglans. 50 Navy Blue and Oxford Gray Ragians, with velvet collars; patent Raglans, with vervet cours. A serviceable coat, made in a stylish manner. A \$3.75 value. \$2.89

Knee Pants, Navy Blue and Oxford Gray Cheviot Knee Pants 22c.

purchase of any suit.

Babies' Mitts.

Babies' Caps. Made of fine silk-full

Hurlbut's Mousseline Writing Paper

Whiting's Limoges. This box is a reproduction of the Limoges China and makes a handsome gift. Filled with Whiting's best writing paper.

We Are Prepared to Supply Everything Needed in BABIES' WEARABLES.

lace ruche around face; sizes 12 to 16. A 75c. value 45c. we offer them at

Our First Showing of Holiday Stationery. the new thread-finish; colors-gray, Swiss blue and white: 24 sheets, 24 envelopes, in a 25C. gray or white. 24 sheets of paper and 24 envel-

Colors, Swiss blue, lavender and white. 24 sheets 25C.

Babies' Coats. Made of Fine Bedford Cord-cap beautifully trimmed in ribbon and braid-extra heavy lining; sizes 6 months to 2 years. This Coat has been selling at \$3.48-for Saturday

Whiting's "Lohengrin." A pretty box, decorated with chrysanthemums and containing Whiting's best thread-finish paper, in Swiss blue, nile, pearl

Whiting's Tapestry Box, filled with 24 sheets and 24 envelopes of the new thread-finish paper, in a variety of colors. Per 29c.

Ribbons.

Ribbon, in all colors, Reg-ular price, 18c. yd.—for, yd

I Lot No. 40 All-silk Satin Taffeta Ribbon, in all colors, including black and white; 15c. the 25c. quality-for, yd...

4-inch double-face Satin Ribbon, in all shades, including white and black. Regular 49c. 25C. quality-for, yd.

4-inch All-silk Taffeta Ribbon, in shades-white, red,

light blue, green, navy, turquoise and pink-for,

1 Lot No. 11/2 White Satin Ribbon, with fancy edge. Regular 25c. qual-

For My Lady's Toilet.

Rogers & Gallet's Ex-Rogers & Gallet's Extract, Violet and Helio- 62C.

Regular price, 29c. pkg.

Regular price, 70c. oz. Hudnut's Sachet Powder, Violet and Helfotrope, pkg. 22C.

Rogers & Gallet's Sachet, Violet and Heliotrope, pkg. 34C.

Hudnet's Toilet Water, 73C. Regular price, 79c. botA Wonderful Showing in Laces.

Black Silk Chantilly Lace, from cream and Arabian, in new and pretty designs. Regular price, 30c. yd.

Torchon Lace and Insert-ing, ranging from 1 in. to

Venise Lace, in cream and Arabian. 18 in. \$1.25

420 to 426 7th St. LANSBURGH & BRO. 417 to 425 8th St.

ed, I can give information about men and measures, which would tend to promote such friendly relations between the races. Such information it is my duty to give

when it is asked for. "At every proper opportunity I say to the youth of our people that they will make a mistake if they seek to succeed in life by mere political activity or the hope of holding political office. Now and then, however, public questions affecting our interests or is a which are so fundamental and terests arise which are so fundamental and far-reaching that they transcend the domain of politics. When such questions pre-sent themselves, in justice to my race, I make my position known and stand for

what I see to be right. "We cannot elevate and make useful a race of people unless there is held out to them the hope of reward for right living. Every revised constitution throughout the southern states has put a premium upon intelligence, ownership of property, thrift and character.

"As an educator, and not as a politician.

I strive in every honorable and rational way to encourage the wise and enduring progress of my people; for if all aspiration and hope of reward is to be denied them they will be deprived of one of the greatest incentives to inteligence, industry and righteousness. On the other hand, if they are encouraged in sensible and conservative directions they will grow year by year into contentedness and added usefulness."

The trustees of the San Diego Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, who have been investigating the Raja Yoga school at Point Loma, Cal., has submitted a report declaring that the institution is well conducted.

INTERESTING FACTS

FOR NEARLY EVERY MAN, WOMAN OR CHILD. A short time ago we published an article recompending to our readers the new discovery for the cure of Dyspepsia, called Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, and the claims then made regarding the won-derful curative properties of the remedy have been abundantly sustained by the facts. People who were cautious about trying new remedies advertised in the newspapers and were finally induced to give Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets it trial were surprised and delighted at the results. In many cases a single package costing but 50 tents at any drug store made a complete cure and in every instance the most beneficial results, were reported. From a hundred or more received watchave space to publish only a few of the latest, but assure our readers we receive so many commendatory letters that we shall publish each week a fresh list of genuine, unsolicitated testimonials and never publish the

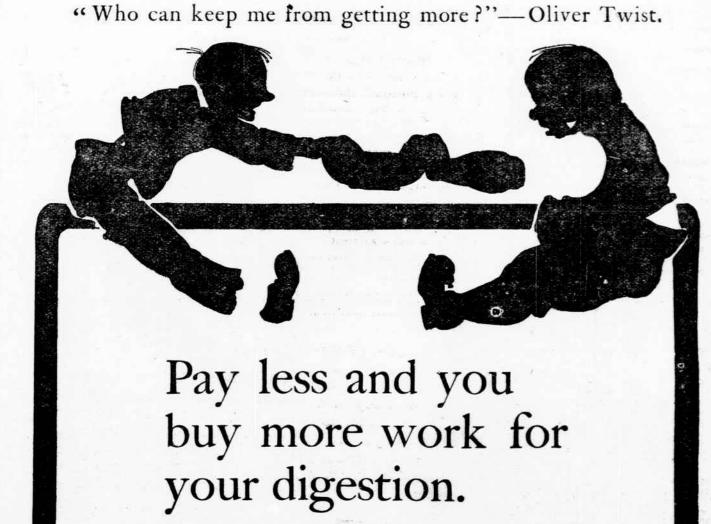
same one twice. From James Yemmelsler, La Cross, Wis.: Stu art's Dyspepsia Tablets are doing me more good than anything I ever tried, and I was so pleased at results that I gave away several boxes to my friends, who have also had the same benefits. From Jacob Anthony, Portmurray, New Jersey: I have taken Stuart's bysic of Tablets with the best results. I had Dyspepsia for 6 years, and had taken a great deal of medicine, but the Tablets seem to take right a hold, and I feel good. I am a farmer and lime burner, and I heartily recom-mend to every one who has any trouble with his

stomach to use these Tablets.

From Mrs. M. K. West, Preston, Minn.: I have received surprisingly good effects from using Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, I gave one-half of my last box to a friend who also suffered from indigestion, and she had the same good results. From Mrs. Agnes K. Ralston, Cadillac, Mich.: have been taking Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, and I sm very much better, and feel very grateful for the great benefit I have received in so short a

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are a certain cure for all forms of Indigestion. They are not claimed to be a cure-all, but are prepared for stomach trou-bles only, and physicians and druggists everywhere recommend them to all persons suffering from Nervous Dyspepsia, sour or acid stomach, heart-

a relational result pro softe elect freeze as to special 4 to the weather.



We ask more for H-O for the same reason that you ask for more H-O — because it's good. We couldn't make it so good if we charged ten cents. We couldn't make it any better if we charged a dollar. Is the best any too good for you?

WAR NURSES TO MEET.

Those Who Served in Spanish-American War to Assemble Here.

The Society of Spanish-American War Nurses will meet in Washington Monday next. The society is composed of those who had charge of Uncle Sam's sick and wounded soldier boys in Cuba, Porto Rico, the Philippines and China during the wars of 1898. An elaborate program has been arranged for the entertainment of the young women who are to hold their first reunion here. Each of the nurses at the reunion has seen actual service with the army of Uncle Sam. Among those who are expected to attend will be four full-blooded Indian maidens, who nursed their white brothers, assigned to the 7th Army Corps at Jackson ille, Fla., under command of Maj. Gen. Fitzhugh Lee. Gen. Lee afterward took a part of the corps to Cuba and with it the Indian maidens.

The nurses will attend the opening session of Congress Monday. A special place has

Hull of the committee on military affairs of the House of Representatives will tender them a reception. During the week they will call at the State, War and Navy building to pay their respects to Surgeons General Rixey and O'Reilly.

The President and Secretary of War will receive the nurses at a date yet to be ap-Tuesday and Wednesday will be devoted

to business meetings for the discussion of professional subjects and social meetings will be held each evening. Monday night the nurses will attend a reception at the residence of Dr. W. J. Mc-Gee as the guest of Dr. Anita Newcombe McGee, who had charge of the corps of army nurses during the Spanish-American war. Dr. Anita McGee was the only woman in the United States to receive a commis-

on in the regular army. While the nurses are in session they propose to take some action looking to the adoption by Congress of a law allowing the Secretary of the Navy to organize a corps of fifty women nurses to be distributed among naval hospitals as an experiment. Secretary Moody is understood to be heartily in favor of the proposition, and will, it is

in the army with pay at \$100 per month. It is expected that the navy will start out The army nurses propose to see that the bill to be passed by Congress providing for women nurses for the navy will make it possible for only persons skilled in the work

possible for only persons skilled in the work to get in. They expect to make a provision that all the nurses chosen must have graduated from some hospital or nurses' school in good standing, so that they will be able to diagnose the ordinary cases and be able to prescribe in cases of emergency.

The army nurses have a distinctive uniform, and one of a similar kind, spotless white, will be provided for the naval nurses.

The company of instruction of the hos-The company of instruction of the hospital corps, stationed at the Washington barracks, will give an exhibition drill, including the erection of a regimental hospital, fully equipped, during the week, for the entertainment of the visiting nurses.

Suburban Chat.

From the Detroit Free Press. Joe-"Any horseless carriages out you

and similar of Congress Monday. A special place has lily in favor of the proposition, and will, it is been reserved in the gallery for them. Below about one hundred trained nurses them mule teams."

May T is way T is a line in the gallery for them. Below about one hundred trained nurses them mule teams."